

# ADEM SURFACE WATER QUALITY MONITORING

MBNEP Science Advisory Committee
Meeting
January 17, 2017



## The River (Delta) State



- √14 Basins
- √629 Subwatersheds
- √129,769 river/stream miles
- √490,472 acres in 43 reservoirs and lakes
- ✓3,600,000 acres of freshwater wetlands
- √610 mi² of estuaries, tidal waterways, and bays (Mobile Delta: Second largest intact river delta system in US)



## Alabama Water Resources

Municipal, Industrial, Agricultural Uses





## Alabama Water Resources

Recreation



## Alabama Water Resources Aquatic Biodiversity: #1 in North America















# ADEM Water Quality Monitoring



## Rivers and Streams Monitoring Program (RSMP)





## Rivers and Reservoirs Monitoring Program (RRMP)





## Fish Tissue Monitoring Program (FTMP)





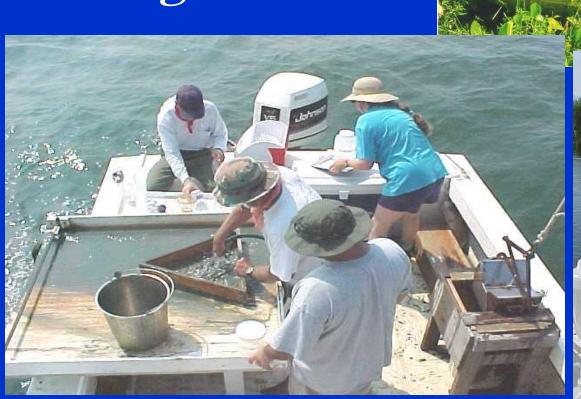








# ADEM Coastal Monitoring Programs







## ADEM Coastal Water Quality Monitoring Programs

- Coastal Waters Monitoring Program (CWMP)
- Alabama Coastal Nonpoint Pollution Control Program (ACNPCP) (6217)
- Coastal Alabama Recreational Waters Program
  - Beach Monitoring
- EPA National Coastal Condition Assessment

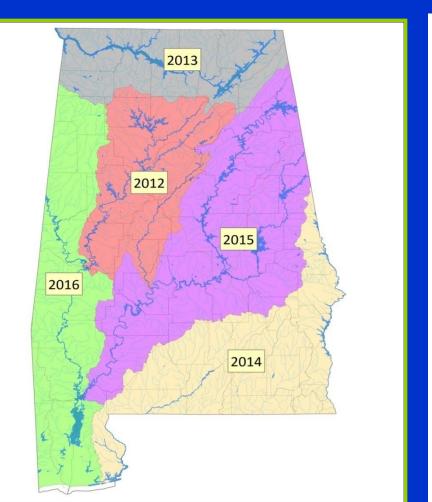


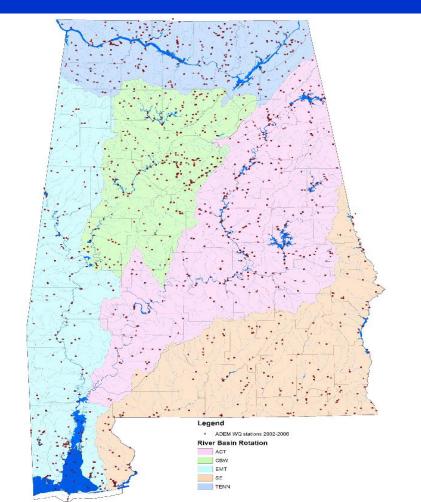
## Wetlands Monitoring Program



## From Basin Rotation to Statewide Monitoring 1996-2015

Statewide monitoring over a 5-year period



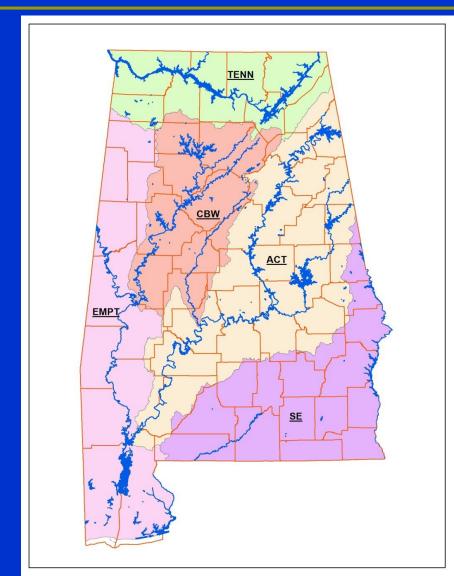




### ADEM's 2015 Monitoring Strategy Statewide Monitoring

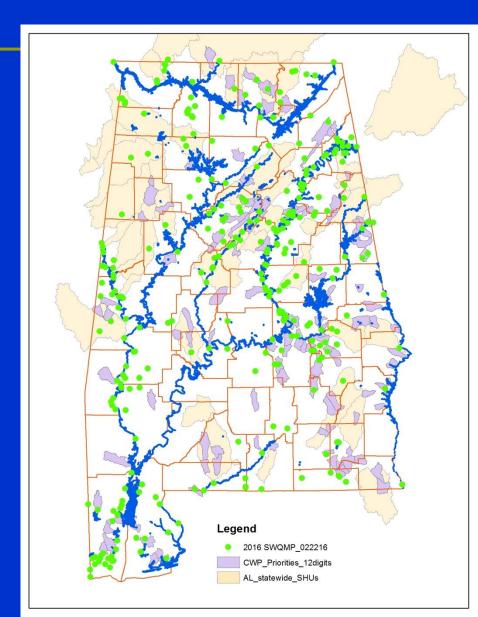
#### Advantages

- More frequent, intensive monitoring
  - NPS and TMDL "success" stories
  - □ Trends in water quality
- Address different data needs of basins
  - □ Refine reference conditions
  - Respond to data needs more quickly
- Dataset less impacted by weather
- Program planning
  - Even resource needs year-to-year
  - □ Smaller basin plans that can be implemented by basin teams



### ADEM's 2016 and 2017 Monitoring Plan

- 2016: 308 Monitoring Locations, statewide
  - 39 in Baldwin and Mobile Counties
- **2017:** Approx 300 locations statewide
  - Approx. 40 in Baldwin and Mobile Counties

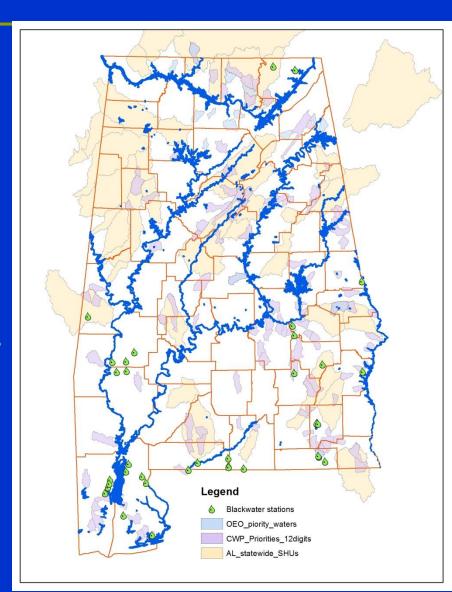




### 2016 Site classification work

Objective: determine background conditions in different waterbody types

- Blackwater streams in South Alabama
  - 36 sites in south Alabama
    - Color and DOC
- Riverine wetlands
  - 9 sites in east central Alabama
    - Cubahatchee, Calabee, and Line
    - Study-specific reference reaches





## Riverine Wetlands: Site Surveys 2017

- □ Vegetation Surveys: May 2017
  - Five 100 m<sup>2</sup> plots per site
- Soil surveys: May 2017
  - Soil pit with an on-site description of the soil profile and survey of hydric soil field indicators

- Water Table Monitoring Wells: 2017
  - Continuous data logger deployed in each well
- Water Chemistry Data (Monthly Apr-Nov)
  - Collected from a stream on each site
  - Affected by drought: Will extend into Spring, 2017
- □ Habitat Assessment (RAM): May 2017
- Amphibian Surveys: May 2017





## Siltation Monitoring Indicators

#### Three types:

- □ Visual Habitat Assessment
  - Availability/quality of habitat to support aquatic communities
- Siltation Survey
  - Estimate sediment movement during high flow events
- Real-Time Sediment Loading
  - Measure TSS and turbidity through an entire high flow event







## Siltation Surveys: 2016-2017

- Corer method
- 24 stations within AL
  - Habitat assessment/siltation data sheet
  - Stream flow measurement
  - Background turbidity sample
  - 5 instream suspended sediment samples
- Currently processing and analyzing data
- Working along with Water Division TSS study
- Problems encountered:
  - Drought
  - Stream size limited by depth of corer
- Plans for 2017
  - 20 stations within AL





### 2016-2017 CWMP Coastal Monitoring

#### CWMP: revised 2015-16

• 3-year monitoring cycle

• All stations sampled 8x

Growing season

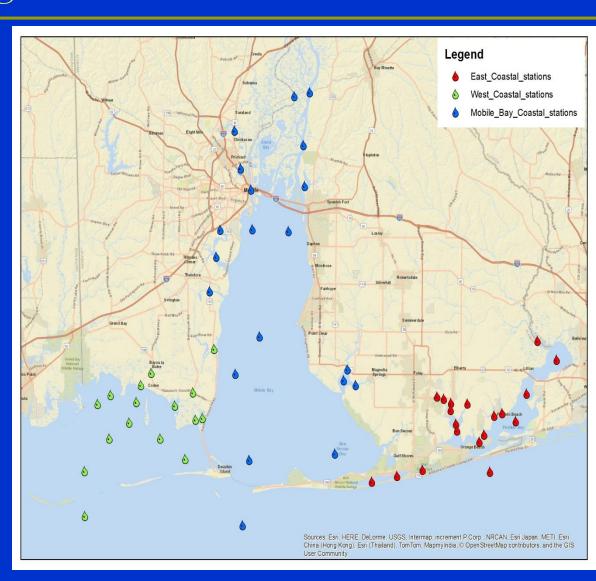
2016: West

2017: Mobile Bay

2018: East

Estuary nutrient criteria

development





## MBNEP Request: D'Olive and Tiawasee Monitoring 2016-2017

#### 2016

- 4 study reaches established
- 2 study-specific reference reaches established

#### 2017

- Same as above
- DOCB-1 moved to DOCB-1a, based on USGS recommendation
- 2 additional reference reaches monitored
- Sampling Summary:
  - Monthly water quality sampling (Mar-Oct)
  - Macroinvertebrate Surveys
  - 2017: Siltation surveys and realtime flow/TSS monitoring added at DOCB-1a and TWCB-1





## MBNEP Request for Monitoring









## MBNEP Request for Monitoring









## ADEM WQ Monitoring Data and Reports



http://www.adem.state.al.us/programs/ water/waterquality.cnt









## Thank you!





### RSMP Information

Lisa Huff
Environmental Indicators Section, Chief
ADEM Field Operations-Montgomery
esh@adem.state.al.us
334-260-2752



### RRMP Information

Gina Curvin
Air/Facilities Section, Chief
ADEM Field Operations-Montgomery
GCurvin@adem.state.al.us
334-260-2783



## Coastal Monitoring Contacts

- □ Supervisor: Mark Ornelas
  - □ 251-450-3400
  - □ meo@adem.state.al.us
- □ CWMP and NCCA: Joie Horn
  - mjhorn@adem.state.al.us
- □ ACNPCP: Randy Shaneyfelt
  - □ rcs@adem.state.al.us
- □ Beach Monitoring: Suzi Rice
  - □ srice@adem.state.al.us



### **FTMP Information**

□ Michael Len
334-267-2787
mlen@adem.state.al.us

□ ADPH (Consumption advisories)
Dr. John Guarisco
State Toxicologist
John.Guarisco@adph.state.al.us
334-206-5973



### Wetlands Information

Bonnie Coleman

Aquatic Assessment Unit, Chief

ADEM Field Operations–Montgomery
bcoleman@adem.state.al.us

334-260-2737

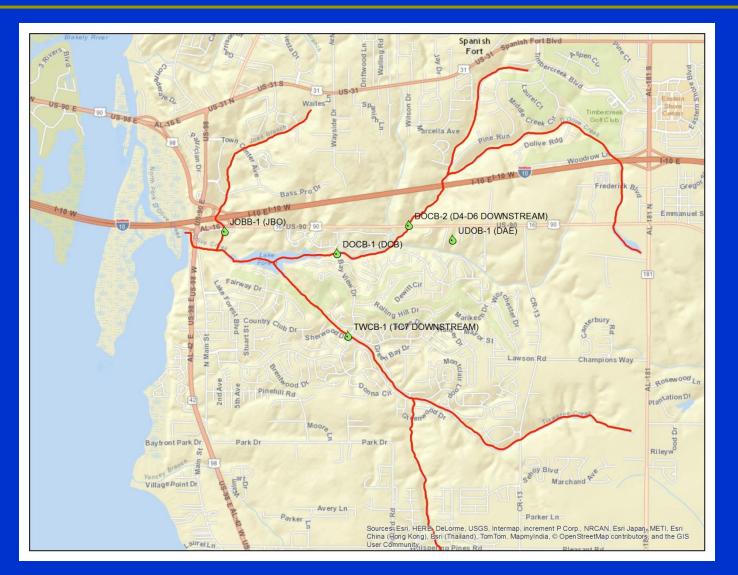


## MBNEP Request for Monitoring

- Requested sites reconned December 2015
- Macroinvertebrate assessments appropriate at five study locations
  - DAE (UDOB-1) 0.04 sq mi 65f
  - JBO (JOBB-1) 0.9 sq mi 75a
  - D4-D6 DS (DOCB-2) 2.46 sq mi 65f
  - TC7 DS (TWCB-1) 4.85 sq mi 65f
  - DCB (DOCB-1) 5.34 sq mi 75a
- ☐ Two reference reaches (Folley Cr & Gunnison Cr)
  - FYCE-1 3.55 sq mi 65f
  - GNNM-1 11.46 75a

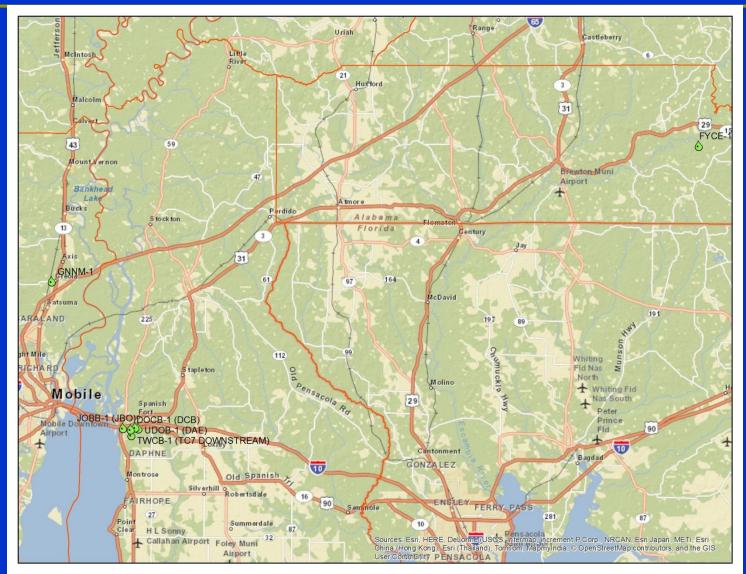


## MBNEP Request for Monitoring: Map of ADEM sampling sites





## MBNEP Request for Monitoring: Map of ADEM sampling sites





## MBNEP Request for Monitoring











## MBNEP Request for Monitoring







# Siltation Survey Monitoring Development

December 14, 2016

- Still in the developmental stage
- Goal: to determine sediment movement within a stream by rain events/high flow conditions



- Simulate high flow conditions
- Quorer method







- 24 stations within AL
  - Habitat
     assessment/siltation data
     sheet
  - Stream flow measurement
  - Background turbidity sample
  - 5 instream suspended sediment samples

	Picture	Avg Depth	Dilution	Dilution Factor	Diluted Turbidity	Turbidity (NTU)	Channel Width	Channel Height
Sample #	Taken	(cm)		(e.g., 2, 10)	(NTU)	<u> </u>	(ft)	(ft)
1	<b>J</b> Z(	40				650	34.0	6.7
2		36				384	34.0	(9, 1
3	Ø	25	烟	2	558	1110	34.0	6,4
4	- E	47				370	34.0	5.8
5	DY.	32				1270 727	37.0	5.3
Avg Turbidity (NTU)		Background Turbidity SST (NTU) (NTU)						

NOTES LB vertual or nearlyse , ension evident but not fresh/active. Several trees overhanging bank.



- Currently processing and analyzing data
- Working along with Water Division TSS study
- Problems encountered:
  - Weather cooperation
  - Stream depth limitations



## Bonnie Coleman

Field Operations Division, Montgomery Branch

Phone: (334) 260-2737

Email: bcoleman@adem.alabama.gov



## 2015 Monitoring Strategy Priorities and objectives

#### Assess water quality

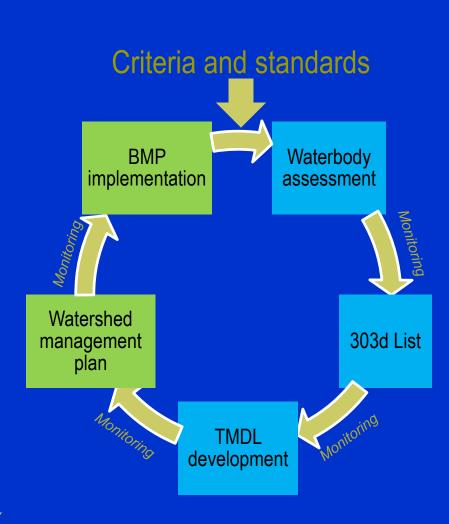
• Monitor waters in all 5 assessment categories

#### Evaluate program effectiveness

- Estimate trends after BMP implementation
- Estimate trends after TMDL implementation

#### Develop criteria & indicators

- Refine reference conditions and site classes
- Nutrient criteria
- Siltation indicators
- Biological indicators
- Collaborate with agency partners and stakeholder groups to meet common goals
- Lay groundwork for 2020 Monitoring Strategy



# 2016 SWQMP Priorities Assess waters in all categories



1: fully meeting all use classifications

5: not meeting one or all use classifications (303d list)

#### 2: Insufficient data

2a: available data indicate impairment

2b: available data do not indicate impairment

3: No data available

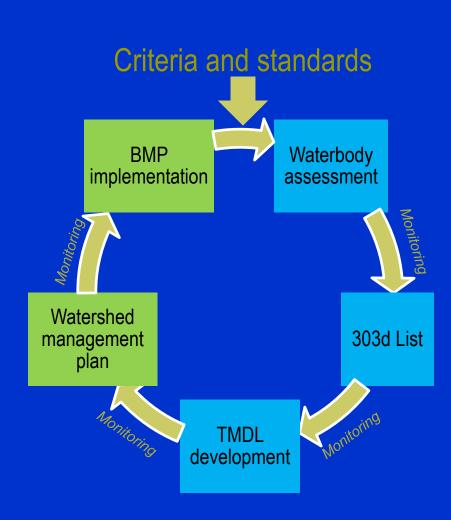
## 4: Waterbody impaired but remediation plan in place

4a: Approved TMDL

4b: Other action expected to result in

attainment

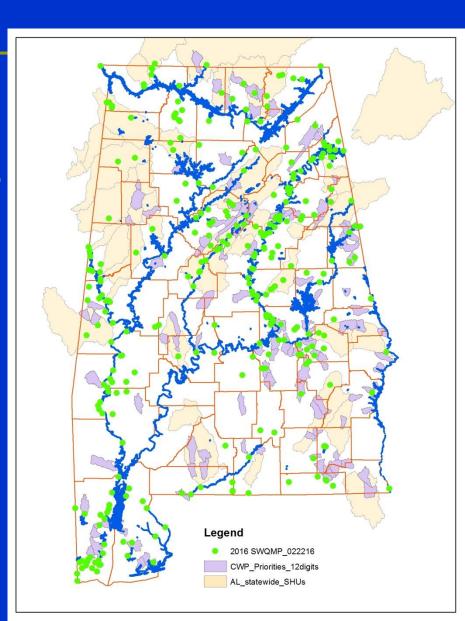
4c: impairment not caused by pollutant





## ADEM 2016 Monitoring Plan

- 308 Monitoring locations statewide
- 39 in Baldwin and Mobile Counties
- Coastal MonitoringProgram revised
  - Development of nutrient criteria for estuaries
  - Coastal area divided into 3 zones
    - West (2016)
    - East
    - Mobile Bay





## 2016-2017 RRMP and Nutrient Embayment Studies

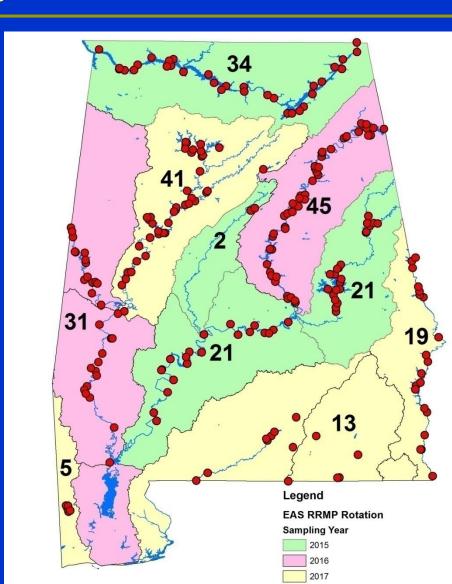
#### 2016 RRMP

- 3-year monitoring cycle
- 2016: Coosa and Tombigbee

2017 RRMP: Black Warrior, Escatawpa, SE

### Nutrient Embayment Studies:

- Concentrate monitoring efforts in embayments during intensive RRMP sampling
  - slower flows, open canopy=good conditions for expression of nutrient enrichment issues
  - Additional indicators: Diurnal DO studies





# CWMP 2016: Monitoring Zones\*



\*Intensive monitoring stations only.

# **WQ Planning Projects**

## Tributary Embayment Surveys

- 72 hour deployments
- DO, temp, pH, cond, turb, chla
- Use a buoy/anchor system to deploy anywhere vs. being dependant on near-shore structure such as piers & docks
- Provides valuable data for nutrient criteria development and for assessment/listing

## Sediment/Turbidity Research

- Teaming up with USGS in FY16
- Funding 4 new stream gages
- Little Coon Creek, Estill Fork Tennessee Basin
- Line Creek, Cubahatchee Creek Tallapoosa Basin
- Stations will report continuous "real-time" flow, temp, turbidity, rain
- Stations will be equipped to "remotely" sample TSS, Nutrients and other parameters using various triggers such as flow, stage or turbidity to capture storm events.



